**REQUIREMENTS**

**for scientific articles submitted to the editors of the journal**

1. By the decision of the Presidium of the Higher Attestation Commission (hereinafter referred to as the HAC), the scientific journal has been included in the list of recommended scientific publications for the publication of the main scientific results of doctoral dissertations in the following specialties:

**12:00.00 – LEGAL SCIENCES**

12.00.01 – Theory and history of state and law. History of legal doctrines.

12.00.02 – Constitutional law. Administrative law. Finance and customs law.

12.00.03 – Civil law. Business law. Family law. International private law.

12.00.04 – Civil procedural law. Economic procedural law. Arbitration process and mediation.

12.00.05 – Labor law. Social security law.

12.00.06 – The law of natural resources. Agrarian law. Environmental law.

12.00.07 – Judicial branch. Prosecutor’s control. Organization of law enforcement. Advocacy.

12.00.08 – Criminal law. Criminal-executive law.

12.00.09 – Criminal proceedings. Forensics, investigative law and forensic expertise.

12.00.10 – International law.

12.00.11 – Parliamentary law.

12.00.12 – Corruption problems.

12.00.13 – Human rights

12.00.14 – Crime prevention. Ensuring public safety. Probation activity.

12.00.15 – Criminology.

13.00.02 – Theory and methodology of education and upbringing (by fields).

2. The size of the scientific article (depending on the type of the scientific article) is 20-60 thousand characters (approximately from 10 to 25 pages); format – A4, in the form of a book; margin as usual: 3 cm from the left, 1.5 cm from the right, 2 cm from the top and bottom; font - Times New Roman, color - black, font size - 14; 1.15 in the interval.

3. Articles in the Uzbek language must be in Latin script, as well as the annotations and keywords of articles written in other languages must be in Latin script.

4. The scientific article submitted to the journal should not be published in other publications, and the degree of originality (checked through the antiplagiarism program) should not be less than 65%. Also, if more than 35% of the presented article is written using artificial intelligence, the article will not be accepted.

**5. The author is personally responsible for the accuracy of the information provided in the article. At the same time, it is necessary to ensure the correctness of current regulatory legal documents when using them!**

6. The text of the scientific article is formalized as follows:

**Legal discipline:** (for example: Civil law)

**UDC:**

**ORCID:**

**TITLE OF THE ARTICLE**

**Author of the article (including co-authors):**

**surname, first name, patronymic** (full, according to the passport),

**academic degree** (if any),

**workplace** (full time),

**position** (full),

**e-mail address, telephone numbers.**

***Abstract.***

***Keywords****:*

**The information shown above is in that order**

**must be in Uzbek, Russian and English!**

**TEXT OF THE ARTICLE**

7. The title is one of the most important parts of the article, it should clearly reflect the topic. The title should not be expressed through abstract or general ideas, it should be written in an academic style, it should express the proposed solution to the main problem and issue(s) underlying the topic of scientific research. The number of words used in the title of a scientific article should not exceed 6-10 words. Only commonly accepted abbreviations can be used in the title.

8.  In the abstract, it is necessary to provide information about the scientific-theoretical and practical aspects of the research topic, that is, a summary and description of the article are given.

The abstract should structurally include the following aspects of the content of the article:

research subject, topic, purpose, relevance, setting of the problem;

research method/methodology;

results of the research;

scope of results;

conclusions.

Based on the above composition, the abstract is written in the form of a whole text, not divided into paragraphs or sections.

The length of the abstract should be around 150-250 words. It is not possible to use redundant and unnecessary words, provide detailed descriptions, copy sentences from the article, write the title exactly, use abbreviations, and provide links to sources.

9. Keywords that make up the semantic core (basis, essence) of a scientific article are a list of important concepts and categories that are considered necessary for describing the research topic. In practice, these words help to find an article on the Internet. For this reason, it is necessary to pay special attention to the semantic core of the topic during the preparation of the scientific article(s).

There should be around 6-8 keywords for the article, and they should be ordered from general to specific, that is, starting with keywords related to the topic and problem, and ending with those related to the object and subject of research. Neologisms, long word combinations, and coherent parts of the sentence are not used as keywords.

10. The text of the scientific article is prepared based on the following requirements (the names of these 5 parts are exactly noted in the text):

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| **1. Introduction**1.1. Relevance of the topic.1.2. The specific purpose of the article and the problem to be solved.1.3. Other authors’ approaches to solving the problem posed in the article, what methods they used, etc. (literature analysis). |
| **2. Material and methods**2.1. Detailed content of the conducted research.2.2. Justification of the used methods, methodology and research objects. |
| **3. Research results**3.1. Analysis of the dynamics of the main indicators describing the object of research (in the framework of the information that forms the basis for solving the problem posed in the article) and conclusions.3.2. Analysis of the received scientific and practical results, their effectiveness and authenticity. |
| **4. Analysis of research results**4.1. The author analyzes the facts, substantiates his opinion, states which ones he approves and which ones he denies, and explains his opinions.4.2. Analysis of obstacles and problems in the field of science that arose during the research.4.3. Analysis of different methods, comparison of the results of this research with other research results. |
| **5. Conclusions**5.1. Conclusions and suggestions arising from the results of the author’s research. |
| **Reminder!** It is recommended to use relevant legal documents, statistical data, diagrams and graphs in the interpretation of research results. |

11. Figures and tables are drawn up in the following order:

**Figure 1 (image title)**

(Times New Roman, 12 font, in bold)

If there is one figure in the article, it is not numbered (Figure (name)), if there are several, they are numbered.

The name of the table (schema) in the article is centered. The word “Table” should be placed on the right side of the page. The table is not numbered if there is one, if there are several, the are numbered.

**Table**

or

**Table 1**

**(Table title)**

(Times New Roman, 12 font, in bold)

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The essence of the information included in the table should be clearly, briefly and succinctly reflected.

12. The editors of the magazine recommend the authors to use modern sources of information, scientific literature and research published in the last 5-10 years.

References are given in square brackets, together with the serial number of the source and the page from which the information was obtained, for example [4, p. 151].

Citations in articles and materials should be given in the Harvard style.

The article should cite at least 20 sources and references.

References to foreign literature should not be less than 50%, of which 30% should be articles published in publications included in the international databases of Web of Science and (or) Scopus.

References to official documents are not given in the article, they are written in the text itself, in full: date, number and title.

Sources and literature are formalized according to the requirements of international scientific and technical databases and are cited in the Latin alphabet under the name “References”. System used for text transliteration: <http://translit.ru>

References should be written strictly following the form below. The list of references is compiled in sequence according to the links (citations) provided in the text of the article (not in alphabetical order or separated into types of literature!).

**REFERENCES**

***(Literature, monographs, collections are issued according to the following sample)***

1. Lindorf L.S., Mamikoniants L.G., eds. Ekspluatatsiia turbogeneratorov s neposredstvennym okhlazhdeniem [Operation of turbine generators with direct cooling]. Moscow, Energiia Publ., 1972, 352 p.
2. Kanevskaya R.D. Matematicheskoe modelirovanie gidrodinamicheskikh protsessov razrabotki mestorozhdenii uglevodorodov [Mathematical modeling of hydrodynamic processes of hydrocarbon deposit development]. Izhevsk, 2002. 140 p. Izvekov V.I., Serikhin N.A., Abramov A.I. Proektirovanie turbogeneratorov [Design of turbo-generators]. Moscow, MEI Publ., 2005, 440 p.

***(Periodical journals are issued according to the following sample)***

1. Zagurenko A.G., Korotovskikh V.A., Kolesnikov A.A., Timonov A.V., Kardymon D.V. Tekhniko-ekonomicheskaya optimizatsiya dizaina gidrorazryva plasta [Techno-economic optimization of the design of hydraulic fracturing]. Neftyanoe khozyaistvo – Oil Industry, 2008, no.11, pp. 54-57.

***(Electronic journals are issued according to the following sample)***

1. Kontorovich A.E., Korzhubaev A.G., Eder L.V. [Forecast of global energy supply: Techniques, quantitative assessments, and practical conclusions]. Mineralʻnye resursy Rossii. Ekonomika i upravlenie, 2006, no. 5. (In Russ.) Available at: http://www.vipstd.ru/gim/content/view/90/278/). (accessed 22.05.2012)

***(Internet resources are issued according to the following sample)***

1. Kondratʻev V.B. Globalʻnaya farmatsevticheskaya promyshlennostʻ [The global pharmaceutical industry]. Available at: http://perspektivy.info/rus/ekob/2011-07-18.html. (accessed 23.06.2013)

***(DOI digital resources are issued according to the following model)***

1. Zhang Z., Zhu D. Experimental research on the localized electrochemical micro-machining. Russian Journal of Electrochemistry, 2008, vol. 44, no. 8, pp. 926-930. doi: 10.1134/S1023193508080077

***(The materials of the conferences are issued according to the following sample)***

1. Senʻkin A.V. Problemy teorii i praktiki v inzhenernykh issledovaniiakh. [Issues of vibration diagnostics of elastic spacecraft]. Trudy 33 nauch. konf. RUDN [Problems of the Theory and Practice of Engineering Research. Proc. Russ. Univ. Peopleʻs Friendship 33rd Sci. Conf.]. Moscow, 1997, pp. 223-225 (In Russ.).

***(Translated works are issued according to the following sample)***

1. Timoshenko S.P., Young D.H., Weaver W. Vibration problems in engineering. 4th ed. New York, Wiley, 1974. 521 p. (Russ. ed.: Timoshenko S.P., Iang D.Kh., Uiver U. Kolebaniia v inzhenernom dele. Moscow, Mashinostroenie Publ., 1985. 472 p.).
2. Brooking A., Jones P., Cox F. Expert systems. Principles and case studies. Chapman and Hall, 1984. 231 p. (Russ. ed.: Bruking A., Dzhons P., Koks F. Ekspertnye sistemy. Printsipy raboty i primery. Moscow, Radio i sviazʻ Publ., 1987. 224 p.).

***(Dissertation or abstracts are issued according to the following sample)***

1. Semenov V.I. Matematicheskoe modelirovanie plazmy v sisteme kompaktnyi tor. Diss. dokt. fiz.-mat. nauk [Mathematical modeling of the plasma in the compact torus. Dr. phys. and math. sci. diss.]. Moscow, 2003. 272 p.

***(Patents are issued according to the following model)***

1. Palkin M.V. e.a. Sposob orientirovaniia po krenu letatelʻnogo apparata s opticheskoi golovkoi samonavedeniia [The way to orient on the roll of aircraft with optical homing head]. Patent RF, no. 2280590, 2006.